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Basic biographical data	
Name:	Heinrich Buchbinder
Other names (by-names, pseud. etc.):	
Date and place of birth:	February 6, 1919, Zürich (Switzerland)
Date and place of death:	December 11, 1999, Schinznach-Dorf (Switzerland)
Nationality:	Swiss
Occupations, careers, etc.:	Chiropractor, politician
Time of activity in Trotskyist movement:	ca. 1940 - ca. 1963

Biographical sketch

Heinrich Buchbinder, Swiss citizen of Jewish origin, was born near Zürich (Switzerland) as son of Bernhard (Boruch) Buchbinder and his wife Berta (Balbina) (maiden name: Davidsohn). He was married three times: 1942 he married Walli Haab, 1952 Klara (Claire) Müller (b. March 28, 1921) and 1969 Chantal Ziegler.

He began studying medicine but eventually gave it up. Later he became a chiropractor and for decades he worked as a counsellor with the *Schweizerische Chiropraktoren-Gesellschaft (Swiss Society of Chiropractors)*. For many years he held the position of a vice president of the *European Federation of Pro Chiropractic Associations*. From 1977-1992 he was editor of *Schweizerische Krankenkassen-Zeitung*.

During the 1940s and 1950s Buchbinder was active in the Swiss Trotskyist movement which for several years consisted of few people only and which had to operate clandestinely or half-legally for many years. Contacts with the Fourth International had been interrupted in 1939 and could be reestablished only in 1945. In October of this year Buchbinder became a member of the European Executive Committee of the Fourth International; he participated in the first international conference of the FI after the Second World War held at Paris in March 1946 and was elected to FI's newly formed International Executive Committee. When the Fourth International split in 1953, Buchbinder sided with the International Committee of the Fourth International launched by Cannon, Healy and Bleibtreu. The Swiss Trotskyist group, Marxistische Aktion der Schweiz (MAS, Marxist Action of Switzerland), remained almost invisible to the public but their members were quite active in so-called 'front organizations' or tried to get control over other small groups on the left, e.g. Proletarische Aktion (PA, Proletarian Action), or Sozialistischer Arbeiterbund (SAB, Socialist Workers' League). During the late 1950s and the 1960s some of the elder Swiss Trotskyists dropped from politics or at least from Trotskyism or they joined the ranks of the reformist SPS (Sozialdemokratische Partei der Schweiz, Social-Democratic Party of Switzerland), while younger people hardly could be recruited in face of a political context not very favourable to the socialist movement in general. Thus, by the time

of the re-unification congress of the Fourth International (1963) both the MAS as well as the SAB factually did no longer exist as functioning organizations. In the late 1950s Heinrich Buchbinder and his comrades supported the anti-colonial struggle of the Algerian people and they launched a campaign against nuclear weapons in Switzerland which culminated in a referendum held in 1962 which was supported by one third of the voters. In the early 1960s Buchbinder functioned as co-president of the European Federation Against Atomic Arms and he was a member of the Permanent Council of the Accra Assembly 'The World Without the Bomb'. When it came to a revival of Swiss Trotskyism in the late 1960s and early 1970s, Buchbinder did not participate in this process since he did no longer considered himself a Trotskyist.

But he maintained a great variety of political activities and of international relations. As an obituary stated: the former Trotskyist had become a "chastened" socialist and an entertaining cosmopolitan. As a "late starter" he became a member of the *SPS* and eventually their delegate to the *Socialist International*. Furthermore he enjoyed the reputation of a distinguished expert with regard to health policy issues and questions of national and international security, arms control, etc., themes about which he published articles and brochures, too. He was a member of *SPS's* Military Commission in the 1970s, and from 1977 to 1993 he was *SPS* deputy in the *Großrat* of Aargau, the regional parliament of the *Kanton Aargau*.

Buchbinder died at his home in Schinznach-Dorf on December 11, 1999.

Selective bibliography 1

• Selective bibliography: Books authored by Buchbinder

Landesverteidigung im Atomzeitalter. - Zürich : Schweizerische Bewegung gegen Atomare Aufrüstung, 1966. - 81 pp.

Selective bibliography: Books, pamphlets and journals to which Buchbinder contributed

Das Arbeiterwort (Zürich) <TSB 0043>

Grenzerfahrungen (Aarau)

Die Herausforderung der Zukunft : zur Sicherheit der Schweiz / Beitr. von Heinrich Buchbinder [et al.] Hrsg. und eingel. von Curt Gasteyger. - Überarb. und erg. Ausg. - [Zürich] : Chance Schweiz, 1984. - 133 pp.

SDI : Informationen und Analysen zur strategischen Verteidigungsinitiative der USA ; Referate zu einem brennenden Thema / Josef Feldmann [et al.] - Zürich : SAD, 1986. - 113 pp. - (Schriften der SAD ; 22)

La sécurité de la Suisse : les défis de l'avenir / textes réunis par Curt Gasteyger. Contributions de Klaus Jacobi [et al.] - Genève : Institut Universitaire de Hautes Etudes Internationales, 1983. - 125 pp.

• Selective bibliography: Literature about Buchbinder

Brian, Sarah: Buchbinder, Heinrich, in: *Historisches Lexikon der Schweiz*, Bd. 2, Basel, 2003, p.776. [Biographical sketch]

Dragojevic, Srdjan: In Accra gegen die Atombombe, in: Æther, 2018 (2), pp. F1-F16

Federer, Lucas: Buchbinder, Heinrich, 1919-1999, in: Federer, Lucas: Zwischen Internationalismus und Sachpolitik, Bielefeld, 2022, pp. 319-320. [Biographical sketch]

Gross, Christian: Trotz alledem! Motivationen eines Aktivisten, in: Æther, 2018 (2), pp. G1-G16

Widmer, Hans-Peter: Sicherheitspolitiker und Weltenbürger : zum Tod von Heinrich Buchbinder, in: *Neue Zürcher Zeitung*, 1999 (Dec.13), p.9. [Obituary]

¹⁾ TSB item numbers (e.g. <TSB 0716>) refer to Lubitz' *Trotskyist Serials Bibliography*, München [etc.], 1993 which is out of print but now available as a PDF file within the framework of our *Lubitz' TrotskyanaNet website*. In TSB you can find detailed descriptions concerning the respective Trotskyist papers, journals, bulletins and the like.

Note: Some more informations about Heinrich Buchbinder are likely to be found in some of the books, pamphlets, university works and articles listed in the relevant chapters of the <u>Lubitz' Leon Trotsky Bibliography</u> [ISSN 2190-0183], particularly in chapter 7.5.17.

Buchbinder's literary estate and documents about his various political and organizational activities (ca. 40 m) is preserved in the *Archiv für Zeitgeschichte* of the *ETH (Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule)* Zürich. For more information see various contributions in *Archive des Aktivismus* (a thematic issue of Æther 2018,2) containing also some facsimile of Buchbinder's passport and similar documents.

Wolfgang and Petra Lubitz, 2005 last rev. May 2022